

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY

0610/62 October/November 2016

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme:

- ; separates marking points
- / alternatives
- I ignore
- R reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- AW alternative wording
- AVP any valid point
- ecf credit a correct statement / calculation that follows a previous wrong response
- **ora** or reverse argument
- () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
- <u>underline</u> actual words given must be used by the candidate (or grammatical variants of them)

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Question		Answer		Mark	Guidance	
1(a)	1(a) any two from:			any two from:	2	
	feature	seedlings grown in light	seedlings grown in dark			
	total height (of shoot/seedling/seed)	short	tall;			
	coleoptile height	short	long;			
	leaves	leaf opened out / present	leaf still curled/not opened out/not present;			
	position of shoot/stem/coleoptile	almost vertical	bent;			
	AVP, e.g. width of stem/shoot/coleoptiles	wider	narrower;			

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(b)(i)	1 one table drawn with (ruled) lines;		6	
	2	column and row headings with units in the header only;		
	3	three trials identified;		
	4	twelve measurements entered;		
	5	all measurements taken in the light within the ranges: coleoptiles 19–26/1.9–2.6 total lengths 57–65/5.7–6.5		
	6	all measurements taken in the dark within the ranges: coleoptiles 64-80/6.4-8.0 total lengths 83-111/8.3-11.1		

Question	Answer				Mark	Guidance
1(b)(ii)	 light not needed for germination/seeds can germinate in the dark; (in the light) leaf is visible/open/ora; (in light) seedlings are shorter/do not grow as tall/ora; (in light) coleoptiles are shorter/ora; (in the light) seedlings grow upright/AW/seedlings grow slanted in the dark; (in the light) stem/coleoptiles is wider/ora; 			s	2	
1(c)(i)	test	seedlings grown in light	seedlings grown in dark		3	
	Benedict's	blue	blue;			
	iodine	blue-black	blue-black;			
	biuret purple purple;					
1(c)(ii)	starch and protei	n present but not (s	imple) sugars;		1	

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(d)(i)	1 ref to using same species/age, etc. maize;	6	
	2 ref. to finding starting (dry) mass;		
	3 ref. to method of drying;		
	4 ref. to planting maize (grains) in soil/AW;		
	5 ref. to planting two sets of at least 100 maize/seeds;		
	6 ref. to keeping (both sets) in a warm room at/given °C/constant temperature;		
	7 one other valid detail of the method;		
	8 ref. to one set of seeds placed in light ref. to one set of seeds placed in dark;		
	9 ref to removing (10) seedlings (from each set) every two days for drying and weighing		
	10 repeat and calculate the mean/average;		
1(d)(ii)	water content in, seeds/seedlings, is variable;	1	
	for comparisons to be valid;		
		Total: 21	

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Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(a)(i)	<u>94;</u>		2	
	<u>134;</u>			
2(a)(ii)	same time/2 minutes for v	vhole exercise;	2	
	same time / 10 minutes for	rest between exercises;		
	same rate/every 2 sec for	each jump;		
	equal numbers of male an	d female students;		
	idea of same students in e	ach exercise;		
2(a)(iii)	to allow pulse rate to recover/return to normal (before doing another exercise);			
	so the effect of the two exe	ercises can be compared;		
2(a)(iv)	variable	effect on results	2	
	idea of effort put into exercise/height	more effort would make pulse rate increase more ;		
	idea of fitness;	pulse would increase less for fitter students;		

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(b)(i)	A(xes)-labelled with units on y axis;	4	
	S (cale)-suitable even linear scale and plots to fill more than half of the printed grid;		
	P(lot)-all points plotted accurately $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square;		
	B (ars)-have a gap between each component;		R if line graph drawn
2(b)(ii)	<i>similarity</i> any 1 from: exercise increases (average) pulse rate;	2	
	(idea of) more intense the exercise the more increase in (average) pulse rate;		
	<i>difference</i> jumping produces greater increase in males than females;		
	jumping and moving arms produces greater increase in females than males;		
2(c)(i)	O outline-single clear lines;	3	
	S size-occupies at least half of the space provided;		
	D detail-to show at least 2 layers and wavy lining;		

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(c)(ii)	diameter of lumen = 47 ± 1 mm;	3	
	diameter of drawing = $\mathbf{X} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$;		
	correct magnification;		
		Total: 19	